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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		TE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/054,512	11/13/200	01	Maged E. Beshai	14796ROUS01U	J 4787	
34845	7590 12	2/05/2005		EXAMINER		
	G MCGUINNES	BLOUNT, STEVEN				
125 NAGO ACTON, N				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
				2668	- 	
				DATE MAILED: 12/05/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)	
Office Action Summary		10/054,512	BESHAI ET AL.	Acres 1
		Examiner	Art Unit	
		Steven Blount	2668	
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with th	ne correspondence addre	ss
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. or period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period ware to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply by rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS cause the application to become ABAND	ION. the timely filed from the mailing date of this commit SNED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	·
Status				
2a)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>24 No.</u> This action is FINAL . 2b) This Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters,	•	erits is
Dispositi	ion of Claims			
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□ 8)□	Claim(s) 1 - 43 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1 - 43 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or ion Papers The specification is objected to by the Examine	vn from consideration. r election requirement.		
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acceed a split and any objection to the complex and any ob	epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. from is required if the drawing(s) is	See 37 CFR 1.85(a). objected to. See 37 CFR 1	` ,
Priority ι	under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
a)l	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priorical application from the International Bureau See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Applicative documents have been received in Received in Received in PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	cation No eived in this National Sta	ge
2) Notic 3) Inforr	e of References Cited (PTO-892) se of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) or No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summ Paper No(s)/Ma 5) Notice of Inform 6) Other:		2)

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

1. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

2. Claim 43 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

In line 2, there is no antecedent support for "said time counter".

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by U.S. patent 6,118,762 to Nomura et al.

With regard to claim 1, Nomura et al teaches generating a burst transfer permit and sending it to a edge node (see col 13 lines 55+) wherein the edge nodes send data bursts based on this (transmission timing period tb) information. See col 13, lines 57+).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 2 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. patent 6,118,762 to Nomura et al.

With regard to claim 2, the star configuration shown in figure 1 is an obvious variation of a star configuration "with a second" core, since it is stated in col 10 lines 5+ that there are 3 ATM switches in core 3.

With regard to claim 3, see col 6 lines 25+.

With regard to claim 4, see the above and note that time period to is mentioned in col 13 lines 55+.

With regard to claim 5, see the discussion above with respect to the "permits".

With regard to claims 6 - 7, see col 6 lines 25+ (burst size), time.

With regard to claim 8, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have sent the data simultaneously to the core nodes in order to promote a greater data transfer rate.

With regard to claim 9, it would have been obvious to equalize the delays in order to promote more efficient data transfer between the edge nodes and the core nodes.

With regard to claim 10, see the discussion of timing above.

With regard to claim 11, there would inherently be no conflicts if the information is properly transferred.

7. Claims 12 – 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being obvious over the Applicants Admitted Prior Art (AAPA) in view of U.S. patent 6,118,762 to Nomura et al.

With regard to claim 12, AAPA teaches burst switching (page 2, lines 25+) in an optical network (page 1 lines 12+) and discusses the problem of burst latency on page 4 lines 1+. AAPA does not however teach a solution to this problem to comprise having a scheduler in the core node schedule the burst information to the edge nodes. This is taught in Nomura et al as discussed above. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have solved the burst latency discussed in AAPA through the use of scheduling permits, in light of the teachings of Nomura et al in order to increase the proper flow of data in the system.

With regard to claim 13 – 22, see the rejections above.

8. Claims 23 – 35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being obvious over U.S. patent 6,118,762 to Nomura et al.

With regard to claim 23, Nomura et al teaches the invention as discussed above including, importantly, sending a data rate request from the edge nodes to the core node(s). See col 6 lines 28+. While it is not explicitly stated that the "rate of a use time" or the "band information" is expressed in a "bitrate", the examiner notes that "bitrate" is a typical means for expressing a data rate such as this, and it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have used a "bitrate" in view of the common knowledge of this fact.

With regard to claim 24 note that it would be obvious to update the bitrate allocation as the circumstances in the network change.

With regard to claims 25 - 27, see col 6 lines 25+.

With regard to claim 28, note the bitrate discussion above.

With regard to claim 29, the aggregate of information mentioned in col 6 lines 20+ is a service class.

With regard to claim 30, it would be obvious to switch the bursts in the same core node in order to promote a compact switch unit.

With regard to claims 30 – 32, see the rejections above.

With regard to claims 33 – 34, it would have been obvious to set upper and lower limits for burst size in order to increase the data throughput.

With regard to claim 35, the burst delay would limit the burst size.

Claims 36 – 39 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being obvious over U.S. 9. patent 6,405,257 to Gersht et al in view of U.S. patent 6,944,128 to Nichols.

Gersht et al teach providing maximum and minimum data rates to data flows, and then reserves the peak data rate on each flow. Gersht et al does not however teach that this is done for the size of each burst. Nichols teaches that there is an equivalency between the burst size and rate (see col 9 lines 14+) wherein it would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have limited the size of the bursts of Gersht et al in place of the data rate, in light of the teachings of Nichols in order to achieve an optimum burst size.

With regard to claim 37 and 38, the min/max burst duration would be an obvious choice to set the bounds.

With regard to claim 39, it would be obvious to use the burst size as an integer of a segment in order to promote an efficient way to transmit the data.

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10. Claims 40 – 43 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being obvious over U.S. patent 6,118,762 to Nomura et al as applied above to claim 1, and further in view of U.S. patent 6,721,271 to Beshai.

Nomura teaches the invention as described above, but does not teach segmenting, null-padding, and sorting the packets. These acts are taught in Beshai in a similar system. See col 6 lines 30+ and col 4 lines 8+. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have sorted and segmented the packets of Nomura in light of the teachings of Beshai in order to provide proper flow control for the system.

With regard to claims 42 - 43, it would be obvious to transmit using a multiple of the prescribed data size (by removing null padding if necessary), and transmit at a time using a time counter.

11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Steven Blount whose telephone number is 571 - 272 - 3071. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 9:00 - 5:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mr. Chau Nguyen, can be reached on 571 – 272 - 3126. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Ajit Patel
Primary Examiner

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